Dairy Producer Organizations OPPOSE Raw Milk Amendment #30

Prevent Increased Foodborne Illness; Keep Consumers Safe

May 17, 2018

The Honorable Paul D. Ryan Speaker U.S. House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515 The Honorable Nancy Pelosi Minority Leader U.S. House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515

Dear Speaker Ryan and Minority Leader Pelosi:

Due to the significant public health risks associated with the consumption of raw milk, the undersigned dairy farmer cooperatives and associations from across the U.S. respectfully urge you to **strongly oppose Amendment 30** to the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018 (H.R. 2), offered by Rep. Thomas Massie (KY-04). The amendment is designed to allow the interstate sale of unpasteurized (raw) milk and milk products, removing existing regulations prohibiting their direct sale. Every major health organization in the U.S. has opposed consumption of raw milk and milk products, including the American Medical Association and the American Academy of Pediatrics.

Consumption of raw milk has demonstrated public health risks. The link between raw milk and foodborne illness has been well-documented in scientific literature, with evidence spanning nearly 100 years. Raw milk is a key vehicle in the transmission of human pathogens, including *E. coli* O157:H7, *Campylobacter, Listeria monocytogenes*, and *Salmonella*.

Based on a 2012 report from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), between 1993 and 2006, unpasteurized dairy products resulted in 73 known outbreaks – causing 1,571 cases of foodborne illness, 202 hospitalizations, and 2 deaths. Most recently, analyzing data collected between 2009 and 2014, researchers recently concluded that **unpasteurized milk is 840 times more likely to cause foodborne illness** than pasteurized milk, and such illnesses have a hospitalization rate 45 times higher than those involving pasteurized dairy products.

Moreover, the CDC has reported that nearly 75% of raw milk-associated outbreaks have occurred in states where the sale of raw milk was legal. Eliminating the regulations that currently prohibit the interstate sale of raw milk in the United States would increase the risk to public health, exposing consumers nationwide to the inevitable consequence of falling victim to a foodborne illness. No matter how carefully it is produced, raw milk is inherently dangerous. Americans have become ill after consuming raw milk obtained from farms of all sizes, from cow-share programs, and from licensed, permitted, or certified raw milk producers.

Nearly two-thirds of all outbreaks associated with raw milk or raw milk products involve children and nearly half of outbreaks involve a child younger than five years old. For example, in 2011, five children in California were infected with *E. coli* O157:H7 after drinking raw milk;

three required hospitalization with hemolytic uremic syndrome (HUS), a devastating condition that can lead to permanent kidney failure. At a school event in Wisconsin, also in 2011, sixteen fourth grade students and adults who drank raw milk donated by a parent later suffered from diarrhea, abdominal cramping, nausea, and vomiting from *Campylobacter* infections. It is the responsibility of America's leaders to make decisions to protect the health of the public, most especially children who are unable to make fully informed choices – choices that can have profound harmful consequences for the rest of their lives.

One critical aspect of this high-profile issue is the tremendous amount of mythology and misinformation that has been disseminated regarding the supposed health benefits of raw milk. No claim related to the health benefits of consuming raw milk has been substantiated in any medical literature. Rather, the scientific consensus is that raw milk causes serious illnesses and hospitalizations, and results in life-long negative health complications and death.

Nationally, our dairy industry benefits from a very high degree of consumer confidence – confidence built in large part due to the excellent food safety record of milk and dairy products. Current statistics estimate only 1-2% of reported foodborne outbreaks are attributed to dairy products. However, of those, over 70% have been attributed to raw milk and raw milk cheeses.

In a 2007 report, the CDC concluded that "State milk regulations and methods for their enforcement should be reviewed and strengthened to minimize the hazards of raw milk." Allowing the sale of raw milk or any raw milk product through Amendment 30 to H.R. 2 would be a step in the opposite direction.

To allow the interstate sale of raw milk and milk products is an unnecessary risk to consumer safety and public health. Therefore, we strongly oppose Amendment 30 to H.R. 2.

Sincerely,

Agri-Mark, Inc. American Association of Bovine Practitioners Associated Milk Producers, Inc. Bongards' Creameries California Dairies. Inc. Colorado Dairy Farmers **Cooperative Milk Producers Association** Cortland Bulk Milk Producers Cooperative Dairy Farmers of America, Inc. Dairy Producers of Utah Edge Dairy Farmer Cooperative Ellsworth Cooperative Creamery FarmFirst Dairy Cooperative First District Association Foremost Farms USA Idaho Dairymen's Association Illinois Milk Producers' Association

Iowa State Dairy Association Land O'Lakes, Inc. Lone Star Milk Producers Maryland & Virginia Milk Producers Cooperative Association Michigan Milk Producers Association Midwest Dairy Coalition Mid-West Dairymen's Company Milk Producers Council Minnesota Milk Producers Association Missouri Dairy Industry Alliance Mount Joy Farmers Cooperative Association National All-Jersey National Milk Producers Federation Nebraska State Dairy Association Northeast Dairy Farmers Cooperatives Northwest Dairy Association Ohio Dairy Producers Association **Oneida-Madison Milk Producers Cooperative Association** Oregon Dairy Farmers Association Prairie Farms Dairy, Inc. Premier Milk Inc. Professional Dairy Managers of Pennsylvania Scioto Cooperative Milk Producers Association Select Milk Producers, Inc. South Dakota Dairy Producers Association South East Dairy Farmers Association Southeast Milk, Inc. St. Albans Cooperative Creamery, Inc. Texas Association of Dairymen Tillamook County Creamery Association United Dairymen of Arizona Upstate Niagara Cooperative, Inc. Virginia State Dairymen's Association Western United Dairymen Wisconsin Dairy Products Association Zia Milk Producers, Inc.