

James Mulhern, President & Chief Executive Officer | Randy Mooney, Chairman

August 12, 2015

Agri-Mark, Inc. Associated Milk Producers Inc.

Bongards' Creameries Cooperative Milk

Producers Association

Cortland Bulk Milk Producers Cooperative

Dairy Farmers of

Cooperative. Inc.

Cooperative Creamery

Cooperative Creamery FarmFirst Dairy

Foremost Farms USA Land O'Lakes, Inc.

Producers Association

Mount Joy Farmers

Ámerica, Inc. Dairymen's Marketing

Ellsworth

Farmers

Cooperative

First District Association

Lone Star Milk Producers Maryland & Virginia

Milk Producers Cooperative

Association Michigan Milk

Mid-West Dairymen's Company

> Cooperative Association

Association Oneida-Madison Milk Producers Cooperative

Association Prairie Farms

Dairy, Inc.

Premier Milk Inc. Scioto County

Cooperative Milk

Producers, Inc.

Southeast Milk, Inc. St. Albans Cooperative Creamery, Inc.

> Swiss Valley Farms Company

> > Tillamook County

Creamery Association United Dairymen of Arizona Upstate Niagara

Producers' Association Select Milk

Northwest Dairy

Docket Clerk U.S. Department of Agriculture Food Safety and Inspection Service Patriots Plaza 3 1400 Independence Avenue SW. Mailstop 3782, Room 8-163 Washington, DC 20250-3700

Re: Proposed Rule: *Requirements for the Disposition of Non-Ambulatory Disabled Veal Calves*, Docket No. FSIS-2014-0020, RIN 0583-AD54, 80 *Fed. Reg.* 27269 (May 13, 2015)

To Whom It May Concern:

The National Milk Producers Federation (NMPF) appreciates the opportunity to comment on Docket No. FSIS–2014–0020 intending to amend **9 CFR 309.13(b) and 309.3(e)** concerning regulations on ante-mortem inspection for veal animals. The National Milk Producers Federation, based in Arlington, VA, develops and carries out policies that advance the well-being of dairy producers and the cooperatives they own. The members of NMPF's cooperatives produce the majority of the U.S. milk supply, making NMPF the voice of more than 32,000 dairy producers on Capitol Hill and with government agencies.

NMPF supports current U.S. Department of Agriculture Food Safety Inspection Service (USDA-FSIS) regulations which prohibit the slaughter of cattle of any age which are either non-ambulatory prior to or become non-ambulatory after ante-mortem inspection. In fact in 2008, NMPF along with other organizations petitioned the USDA-FSIS to eliminate the loophole which allowed for the reinspection of cattle which become non-ambulatory after passing ante-mortem inspection.¹ USDA-FSIS codified this request in May 2008.²

NMPF also supports current USDA-FSIS regulations which allow for tired or cold animals to have a period of time to rest upon arrival at a slaughter plant. The resting period allows cattle a time to adjust to ambient temperature

¹ http://www.nmpf.org/files/file/Citizen%20Petition%20Downer%20Cattle%20042408.pdf

² http://www.usda.gov/wps/portal/usda/usdahome?contentidonly=true&contentid=2008/05/0131.xml

Cooperative, Inc. Zia Milk Producers, Inc.

conditions and recover from transit fatigue. Per USDA-FSIS regulations, the cattle are still subject to all inspections and are required to be ambulatory to proceed to slaughter. USDA-FSIS data included in comments submitted by the North American Meat Institute to this Proposed Rule indicate the success with which USDA-FSIS inspectors ensure the implementation of the resting period with proper inspection to ensure non-ambulatory cattle do not enter slaughter.

As current USDA-FSIS regulations have proven effective preventing nonambulatory cattle from entering slaughter, NMPF does not see a need for the proposed changes.

Sincerely,

Jame S

Jamie Jonker Vice President Sustainability & Scientific Affairs